

6-5 LINEAR INEQUALITIES

Lesson Objectives:

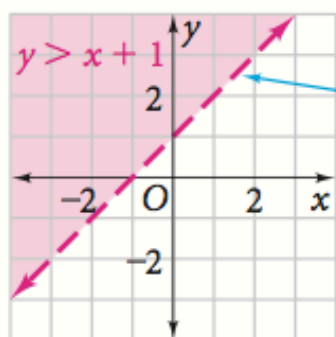
- Graph linear inequalities
- Write and use linear inequalities when modeling real-world situations

1

Graphing Linear Inequalities

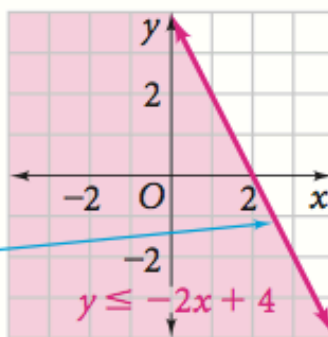
A **linear inequality** describes a region of the coordinate plane that has a boundary line. The **solutions of an inequality** are the coordinates of the points that make the inequality true.

A **linear inequality** describes a region of the coordinate plane that has a boundary line. The **solutions of an inequality** are the coordinates of the points that make the inequality true.



Each point on a **dashed** boundary line is not a solution.

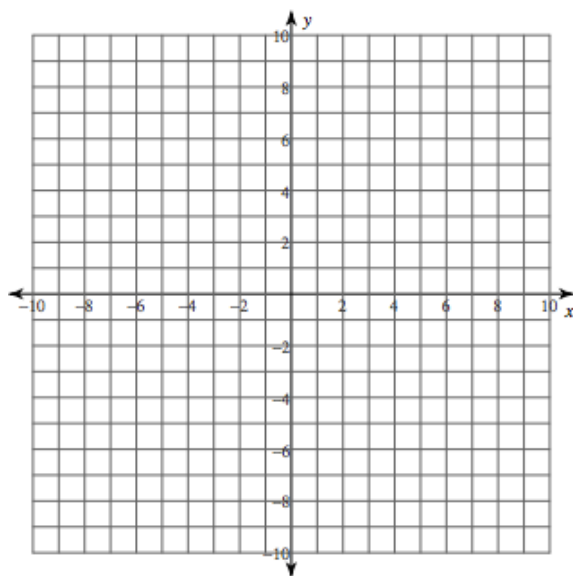
Each point on a **solid** boundary line is a solution.



As you can see in the graphs above, you can tell from an inequality whether to shade above or below the boundary line. For an inequality written in the form of $y <$ or $y \leq$, shade below the boundary line. For an inequality written in the form of $y >$ or $y \geq$, shade above the boundary line.

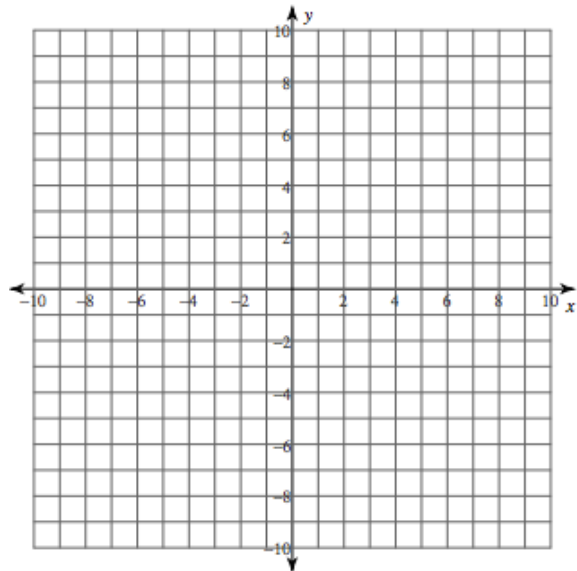
EXAMPLE 1: GRAPHING AN INEQUALITY

1. Graph $y < 2x + 3$.

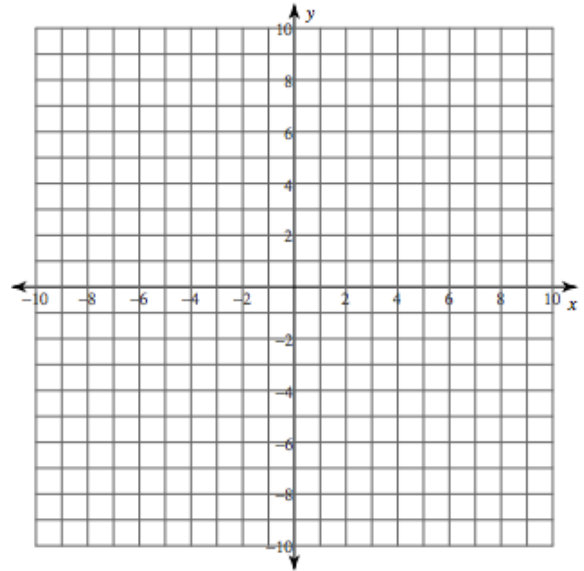


Graph.

2. $y \geq 3x - 1$

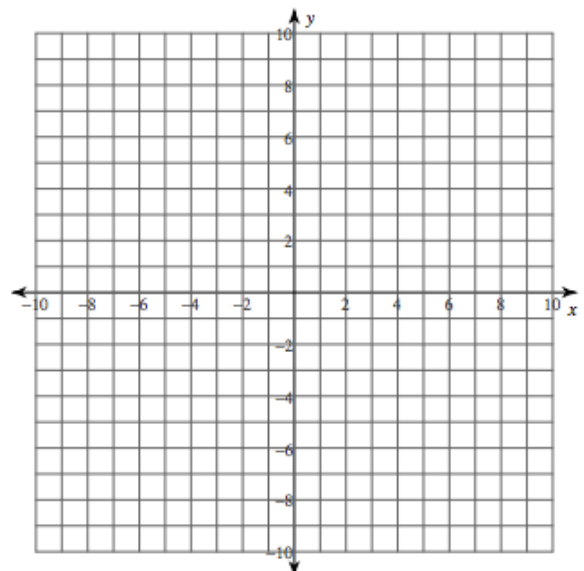


3. $y \leq -\frac{1}{4}x - 3$

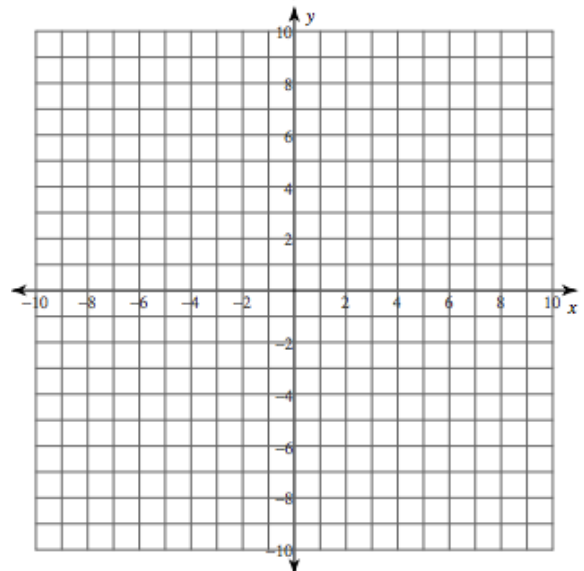


EXAMPLE 2: REWRITING TO GRAPH AN INEQUALITY

4. Graph $3x - 5y < 10$

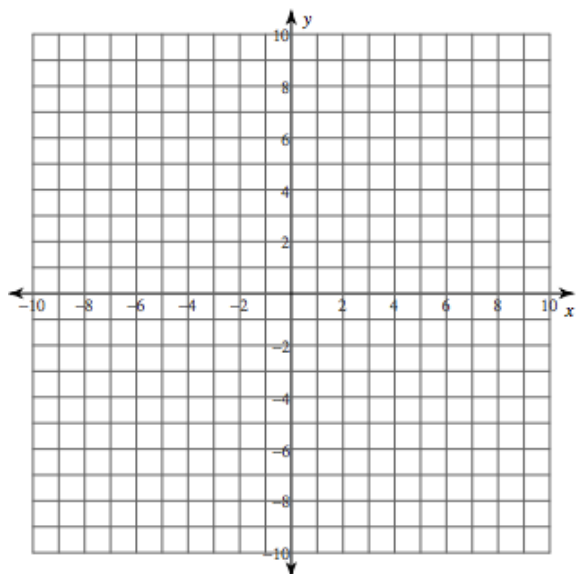


5. Graph $6x + 8y \geq 12$

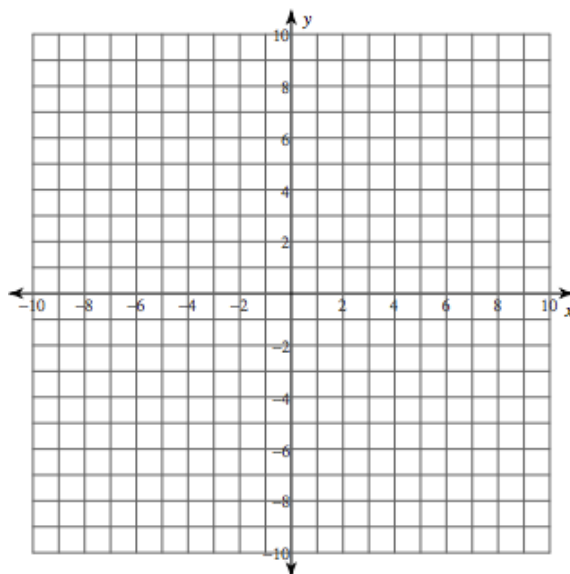


Graph.

6. $6x - 4y \leq -16$



7. $-12x + 8y < 56$



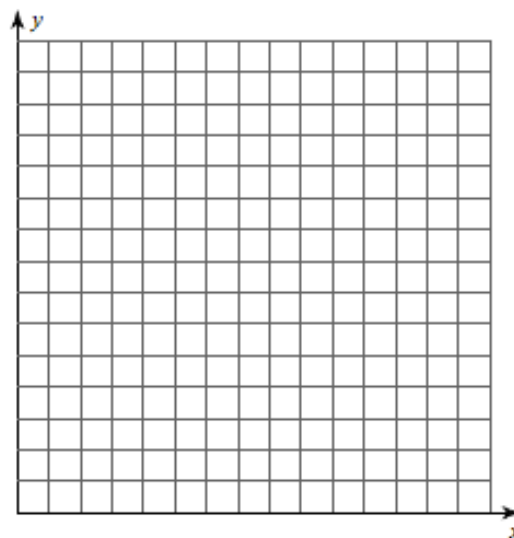
2

Modeling Real-World Situations

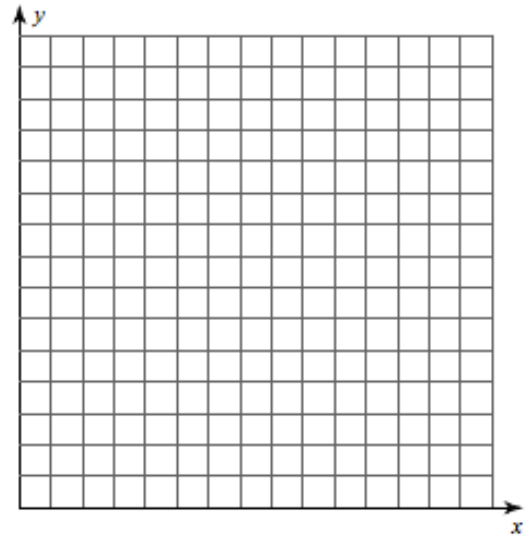
Many situations are modeled by inequalities that have a boundary line of the form $Ax + By = C$. You can use the intercepts to graph the boundary line of the inequality. Choose a test point not on the boundary line to determine whether the solutions are above or below the boundary line.

EXAMPLE 3: REAL-WORLD PROBLEM SOLVING

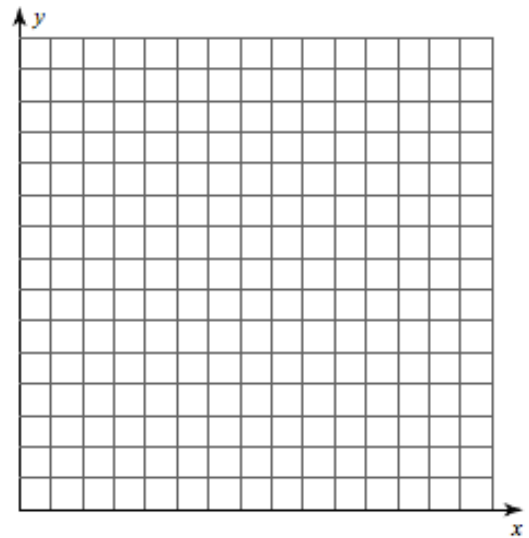
8. Suppose your budget for a party allows you to spend no more than \$12 on peanuts and cashews. Peanuts cost \$2 per pound and cashews cost \$4 per pound. Find three possible combinations of peanuts and cashews you can buy.



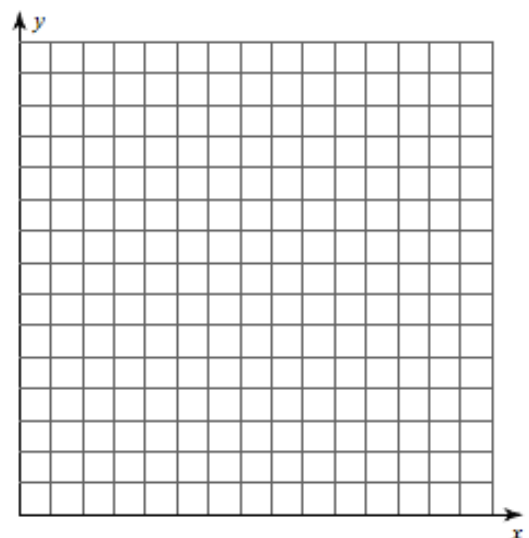
9. Suppose your class is raising money for the Red Cross. You make \$5 on each basket of fruit and \$3 on each box of cheese that you sell. How many items of each type must you sell to raise more than \$150?



10. Suppose you intend to spend no more than \$60 buying books. Hardback books cost \$12 and paperbacks cost \$5. How many books of each type can you buy?



11. Suppose that for your exercise program, you either walk 5 miles/day or ride your bicycle 10 miles/day. How many days will it take you to cover a distance of at least 150 miles?



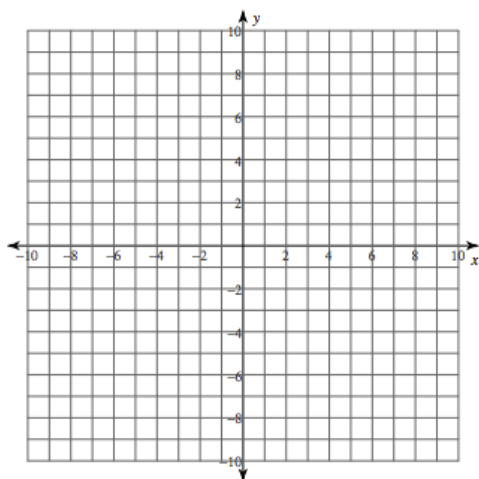
Determine whether point P is a solution of the linear inequality.

1. $y \leq -2x + 1; P(2, 2)$

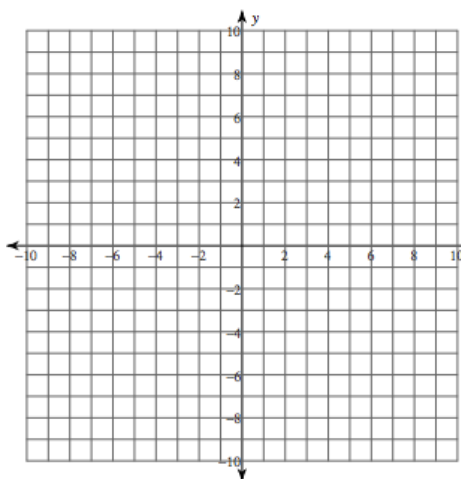
2. $y > \frac{5}{3}x - 4; P(0, 1)$

Graph each linear inequality.

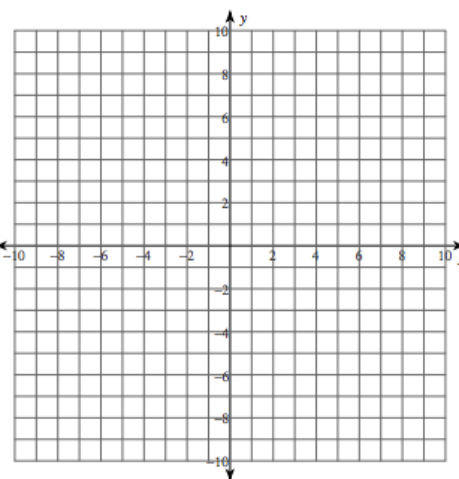
3. $y \geq \frac{1}{4}x - 1$



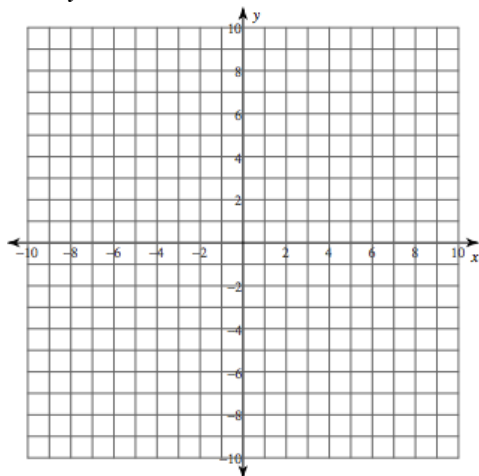
4. $y \leq \frac{2}{5}x - 3$



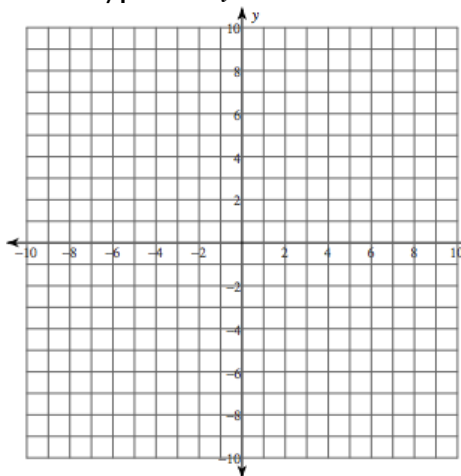
5. $2x - 3y \geq 12$



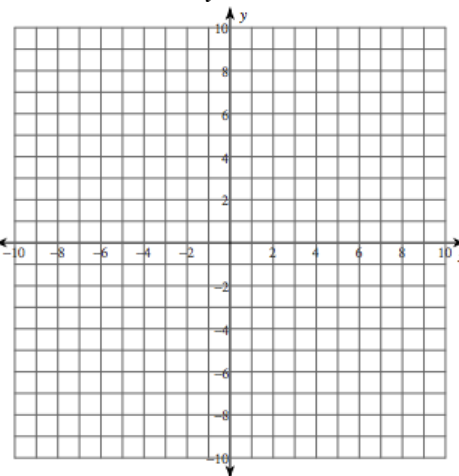
6. $y > -2x + 3$



7. $4x + 5y \geq 10$

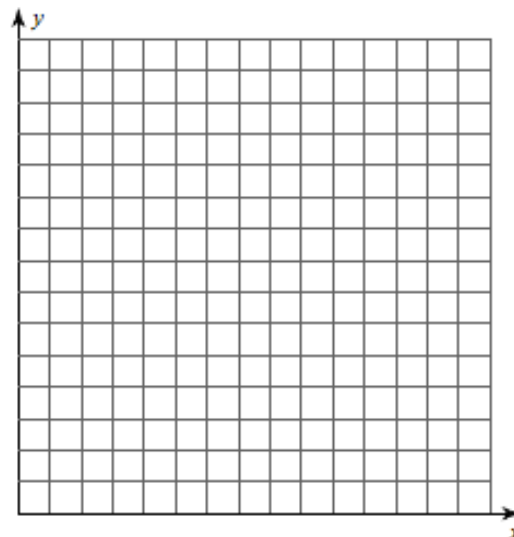


8. $4x - 4y < 8$



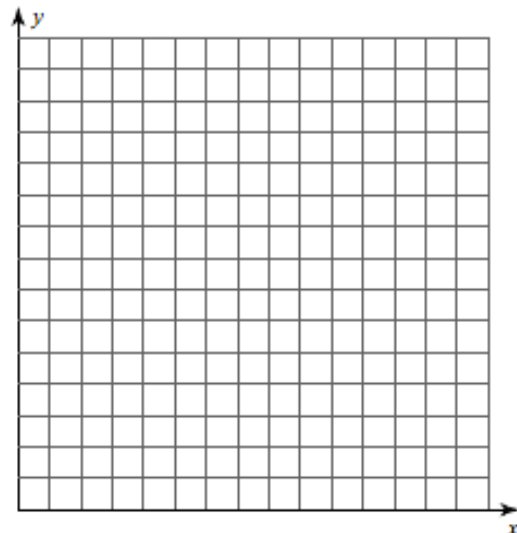
9. A company makes nylon and canvas backpacks. The profit on a nylon backpack is \$3 and the profit on a canvas backpack is \$10. How many backpacks must the company sell to make a profit of at least \$250?

- Write a linear inequality to model the situation.
- Graph the linear inequality.
- Write three possible solutions to the problem.



10. Suppose you work at a local radio station. You are in charge of a \$180 budget for new tapes and CDs. Record companies will give you 21 promotional (free) CDs. You can buy tapes for \$8 and CDs for \$12.

- Write an inequality that shows the number of tapes and CDs you can buy.
- Graph the inequality.
- Is $(8,9)$ a solution of the inequality? Explain what the solution means.
- If you buy only CDs, and you buy as many as possible, how many new recordings will the station get?



11. The points $(0, -3)$ and $(8,5)$ lie on the boundary line of a linear inequality, but neither point is a solution. The point $(1,1)$ is not a solution. Write the inequality that is described by this situation.

- 12.**
- Is the point $(4,5)$ a solution to the inequality $y > x - 1$?
 - Is the point $(4,5)$ a solution to the inequality $y < 3x$?
 - Find one other point that is a solution of both inequalities.
 - Draw a graph that shows all the points that are solutions of both inequalities.

